COURSE OUTLINE

1) General information			
FACULTY/SCHOOL	Economics, Business and International Studies		
DEPARTMENT	Tourism Studies		
LEVEL OF STUDY	Undergraduate		
COURSE UNIT CODE	TSK513 SEMESTER 5 th or 7 th		
COURSE TITLE	Methods and Tools for Fraud Examination in Contemporary Business		ontemporary
INDEPENDENT TEACHING	G ACTIVITIES		
in case credits are awarded for separat	e components/parts of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercise			CREDITS
for the entire course, give the weekly te	eaching hours and the total	HOURS	
credits			
	Lectures	3	4
Add rows if necessary. The organization of			
methods used are described in detail under	r section 4		
COURSE TYPE	SCIENTIFIC EXPERTISE		
Background knowledge,			
Scientific expertise,			
General Knowledge,			
Skills Development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION:	GREEK		
	00551/		
	GREEK		
EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:			
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO	YES		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			
2) LEARNING OUTCOMES			

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail.

It is necessary to consult:

APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and <u>APPENDIX B</u>

Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand and explain the concept of fraud.
- Understand and distinguish the different concepts that belongs to the specific subject.
- Identify, define and compare different types of fraud and their main characteristics.
- Identify, describe and explain the use of different fraud examination methods and tools.
- Apply the different methods and tools for fraud examination in the contemporary business environment (both digital and non-digital).
- Identify, describe and explain the actions that can be implemented to prevent fraud.
- Understand and examine international fraud practices.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate technologies, Project planning and management Respect for diversity and multiculturalism Environmental awareness

Adapting to new situations
Decision-making
Individual/Independent work
Group/Team work
Working in an international environment
Working in an interdisciplinary environment
Introduction of innovative research

Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Critical thinking Development of free, creative and inductive thinking (Other......citizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.)

- Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies

- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Individual / independent written assignment
- Group written assignment
- Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
- Social, professional, and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Critical thinking
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) COURSE CONTENT

The purpose of the course is to examine the control, detection, examination and prevention of fraud incidents in contemporary business. It presents the various forms of fraud that can take place in the contemporary business environment, both digital and non-digital, and examines the methods and tools that an analyst can use to detect and deal with any fraud scheme. For each fraud scheme, students analyze case studies and apply the respective methods and tools, examining at the same time what actions could be implemented to avoid the under-examination fraud schemes.

The course consists of the following modules:

- Introduction to fraud examination.
- Basic principles and theoretical approaches to fraud examination.
- Fraud categories and analysis of their main characteristics.
- Basic schemes of corporate fraud (asset misappropriation, financial statements schemes, intellectual property theft, corruption, money laundering).
- Cyberfraud and fraud schemes in the digital business environment.
- Other fraud schemes (identity theft, payment, insurance, health, consumer).
- Fraud detection.
- Fraud examination methods and techniques.
- Data analysis techniques and fraud examination.
- Social engineering and fraud: Tools and techniques.
- Fraud risk management standards and corporate governance practices.
- Business and professional ethics.

(4) TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY Face-to-face, in-class lecturing, distance	FACE TO FACE	
teaching and distance learning etc.	Distance learning in case the conditions require it.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with students	 Use of ICT in Teaching: Presentation software and use of digital files (PowerPoint, Word, Excel files). Internet for searching data for assignments (in and out of the classroom). Course's e-learning platform. Use of ICT in Communication with students: E-mails. Course's e-learning platform (messages, announcements, uploading relevant course material, assignments or exercises submission, etc.). 	

COURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload	
Description of teaching techniques,	Lectures-Interactive Teaching	39	
practices and methods:	(Discussion, Examples, Case		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	studies)		
fieldwork, study and analysis of	Individual or Team/Group	20	
bibliography, tutorials, Internship, Art	assignments/exercises		
Workshop, Interactive teaching,	Self-study	40	
Educational visits, projects, Essay writing,	Examination	2	
Artistic creativity, etc.	Total	101 hours	
The study hours for each learning activity as well as the hours of self-directed study are given following the principles of the ECTS.			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of evaluation: Greek.		
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT METHODS			
Detailed description of the evaluation	Students are assessed with a final written examination. The		
procedures:	examination material is announced in the classroom, the e-learning		
	platform and the extended outline of the course at the beginning of		
Language of evaluation, assessment	the academic year.		
methods, formative or summative			
(conclusive), multiple choice tests, short-	The final written examination includes the following assessment		
answer questions, open-ended questions,	methods:		
problem solving, written work,	Multiple Choice Questions.		
essay/report, oral exam, presentation,	• True – False Questions.		
laboratory work, otheretc.	 Short Answer Questions 		
	 Open-ended Questions. 		
Specifically defined evaluation criteria are	Case study.		
stated, as well as if and where they are	• Exercise.		
accessible by the students.	(Oral assessment is provided to students who belong to specific categories and cannot participate in written examinations, after informing the secretariat and the tutor by submitting the necessary supporting documents).		
	The written examination constitutes 80% of the final grade.		
	Individual or team/group exercises/assignments constitute 20% of the final grade.		
	Students are informed about the assessment process through the e- learning platform (e-class), as well as in the classroom by the tutor.		

(5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY:

Suggested bibliography:

- Wells, J.T. (2014). Principles of Fraud Examination, John Wiley & Sons.
- Wells, J.T. (2017). Corporate Fraud Handbook: Prevention and Detection, Fifth Edition, John Wiley & Sons.
- Wells, J.T. (2018). International Fraud Handbook, John Wiley & Sons.
- Edwards, G. (2020). Cybercrime investigators handbook, John Wiley & Sons.
- Baesens, B., Van Vlasselaer, V., & Verbeke, W. (2015). Fraud Analytics: Using Descriptive, Predictive, and Social Network Techniques, John Wiley & Sons.
- Gee, S. (2015). Fraud and fraud detection: a data analytics approach, John Wiley & Sons.
- Hadnagy, C. (2018). Social Engineering: The Science of Human Hacking, John Wiley & Sons.
- Annual Report to the Nations, Association of Certified Fraud Examiners (ACFE).
- Additional material from the Association of Certified Fraud Examiners (ACFE).

Relevant academic journals:

- ACFE Fraud Magazine
- Computer Fraud and Security
- Forensic Science International: Digital Investigation
- Journal of Cyber Security Technology
- Journal of Economic Criminology

- International Journal of Law, Crime and Justice